LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2010

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Lake Preston School District No. 38-3 Kingsbury County, South Dakota

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Preston School District No. 38-3, Kingsbury County, South Dakota, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 which collectively comprise Lake Preston School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated January 14, 2011. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Lake Preston School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or

material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider the deficiency described in the Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item number 2010-01 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lake Preston School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Lake Preston School District's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of current audit findings. I did not audit Lake Preston School District's response and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

This report is intended for the information and use of the South Dakota Legislature, the governing board and management of Lake Preston School District No. 32-2 and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, as required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

January 14, 2011

Jany & Jacon

Gary L. Larson, CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Lake Preston School District No. 38-3 Kingsbury County, South Dakota

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Preston School District No. 38-3, Kingsbury County, South Dakota, as of June 30, 2010, and for the fiscal year then ended, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Lake Preston School District's management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lake Preston School District No. 38-3 as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, I have also issued a report dated January 14, 2011 on my consideration of Lake Preston School District's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on noncompliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

The budgetary comparison information on pages 47 through 64 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Lake Preston School District No 38-3 has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General and Special Revenue Funds that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

January 14, 2011

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

ASSETS:	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,265,109	\$ 6.961	¢1 271 070
Taxes receivable	566,899	\$6,861	\$1,271,970
Due from other governments	12,091	0	566,899
Inventories	11,882	1.462	12,091
Capital Assets:	11,002	1,462	13,344
Land	3,251	0	2.261
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,135,085	0	3,251 1,135,085
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,994,317	\$8,323	\$3,002,640
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$75,996	\$0	\$75,996
Other current liabilities	184,804	143	184,947
Deferred revenue	555,864	1,592	557,456
Noncurrent Liabilities:	•		557,150
Due within one year	52,565	0	52,565
TOTAL LIABILITIES	869,229	1,735	870,964
NET ASSETS:			
Invested in capital assets Restricted for:	1,138,336	0	1,138,336
Capital outlay	339,070	0	339,070
Special education	6,580	0	6,580
Pension	3,363	0	3,363
Food service	0	6,588	6,588
Unrestricted	637,739	0	637,739
TOTAL NET ASSETS	2,125,088	6,588	2,131,676
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$2,994,317	\$8,323	\$3,002,640

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	_	PROGE	RAM REVENUES
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
Governmental Activities:			
Instruction	\$1,171,636	\$0	\$314,938
Support services	899,677	17,129	0
Interest on long-term debt	8,889	0	0
Cocurricular activities	102,758	16,136	0
Total Governmental Activities	2,182,960	33,265	314,938
Business-type Activities:			
Food service	97,031	58,410	40,424
TOTAL	\$2,279,991	\$91,675	\$355,362

GENERAL REVENUES:

*The District does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount represents interest expense on general long-term debt. Property tax
Gross receipts tax
State aid
Unrestricted investment earnings
Other general revenues

TRANSFERS

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net Assets - beginning

NET ASSETS-ending

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
(\$856,698)	\$0	(\$856,698)
(882,548)	0	(882,548)
(8,889)	0	(8,889)
(86,622)	0	(86,622)
(1,834,757)	0	(1,834,757)
0	1,803	1,803
(1,834,757)	1,803	(1,832,954)
1,122,169	0	1,122,169
16,175	0	16,175
745,427	0	745,427
7,266	22	7,288
58,251	0	58,251
22	(22)	0
1,949,310	0	1,949,310
114,553	1,803	116,356
2,010,535	4,785	2,015,320
\$2,125,088	\$6,588	\$2,131,676

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

ASSETS:	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$798,754	\$430,706	\$32,650
Taxes receivable-current	314,301	137,599	\$5,623
Taxes receivable-delinquent	6,493	2,879	1,398
Due from other governments	6,124	746	5,122
Inventory of supplies	11,882	0	0
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,137,554	\$571,930	\$124,793
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$20,336	\$42,696	\$12,964
Contracts payable	128,949	0	15,080
Payroll deductions and withholding		O	15,000
and employer matching payable	36,229	0	4,546
Deferred revenue	320,794	140,478	87,021
TOTAL LIABILITIES	506,308	183,174	119,611
Fund balances:			
Reserved for inventory Unreserved:	11,882	0	0
Designated for FY 2011 budget	43,749	0	0
Undesignated	575,615	388,756	5,182
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	631,246	388,756	5,182
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$1,137,554	\$571,930	\$124,793

	Total	
Pension	Governmental	
Fund	Funds	
\$2,999	\$1,265,109	
18,341	555,864	
265	11,035	
99	12,091	
0	11,882	
\$21,704	\$1,855,981	
Ψ21,701	Ψ1,033,701	
\$0	\$75,996	
0	144,029	
U	144,029	
0	40,775	
18,606	566,899	
10.00	00= 600	
18,606	827,699	
0	11,882	
-	,	
0	43,749	
3,098	972,651	
2.000	1 029 292	
3,098	1,028,282	
\$21,704	\$1,855,981	
Ψ21,707	Ψ1,033,701	

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

Total Fund Balances-Government Funds	\$1,028,282
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Assets such as taxes receivable (delinquent) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds	11,035
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	1,138,336
Long-term liabilities, such as capital leases payable, are not reported in the funds because they are not payable in the current period.	(52,565)
Net Assets-Governmental Funds	\$2,125,088

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Capital	Special
	General	Outlay	Education
Revenues:	Fund	Fund	Fund
Revenues from Local Sources:			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$653,505	\$256,749	\$168,071
Prior year's ad valorem taxes	3,121	612	403
Gross receipts taxes	16,175	0	0
Penalties and interest	1,482	431	291
Earnings on deposits:			
Interest earned	4,769	2,345	134
Cocurricular activites:			
Admissions	14,540	0	0
Other	1,596	0	0
Other revenues from local sources:			
Medicaid fees	9,490	0	7,639
Donations	1,525	22,958	0
Other	18,338	0	0
Revenues from Intermediate Sources:			
County Sources:			
County apportionment	15,430	0	0
Revenues from State Sources:			
Grants-in-aid:			
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	745,427	0	0
Restricted grants-in-aid	0	0	68,526
Revenues from Federal Sources:			
Grants-in-aid:			
Restricted grants-in-aid			
received from federal			
government through state	148,052	0	98,360
Total Revenue	\$1,633,450	\$283,095	\$343,424

Pension Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$36,000	\$1,114,325
86	4,222
0	16,175
62	2,266
18	7,266
0	14,540
0	1,596
0	17,129
0	24,483
0	18,338
0	15,430
0	745,427
0	68,526
U	08,320
0	246,412
\$36,166	\$2,296,135
450,100	Ψ2,470,133

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	,	Conital	0 1
	General Fund	Capital	Special Education Fund
		Outlay	
	Tund	Fund	
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Regular Programs:			
Elementary	\$437,242	\$36,241	\$0
High school	376,884	27,370	0
Preschool	19,684	0	0
Special Programs:	17,001	V	U
Programs for special education	0	0	167,278
Educationally deprived	47,489	0	0
Support Services:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	O	O
Pupils-			
Attendance and social work	898	0	0
Guidance	49,229	0	1,647
Health	569	0	0
Psychological	0	0	15,645
Speech pathology	0	0	30,651
Student therapy	0	0	27,173
Instructional staff-		·	27,173
Improvement of instruction	2,598	0	0
Educational media	68,852	0	0
General administration-	,	Ç	O
Board of education	32,930	3,010	0
Executive administration	118,485	0	0
School administration-			
Office of the principal	62,100	0	0
Business-	-	-	
Fiscal services	55,295	0	0
Operation and maintenance	•	-	O
of plant	163,600	83,880	0
Pupil transportation	49,146	0	Ö
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=	9

	rotar
Pension Government	
Fund	Funds
\$18,006	\$491,489
18,006	422,260
0	19,684
0	167,278
0	47,489
0 0 0 0 0	898 50,876 569 15,645 30,651 27,173
0 0	2,598 68,852
0	35,940 118,485
0	62,100
0	55,295
0	247,480 49,146

Total

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund
Central:		1 unu	Tunu
Staff	\$400	\$0	\$0
Special Education	\$ 100	ΨΟ	Φ0
Administrative costs	0	0	16,879
Other	0	0	77,853
Debt Service	0	57,199	0
Cocurricular activities:	v	51,199	O
Male activities	24,299	0	0
Female activities	22,823	0	0
Transportation	11,800	0	0
Combined activities	31,257	7,891	0
Capital outlay	0	21,026	0
Total Expenditures	1,575,580	236,617	337,126
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	57,870	46,478	6,298
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers-in	2,519	0	0
Transfers-out	2,319	0	0
		(2,345)	(134)
Net Change in Fund Balances	60,389	44,133	6,164
FUND BALANCE, (Deficit)			
JULY 1, 2009	570,857	344,623	(982)
FIND DALANCE			
FUND BALANCE,			
JUNE 30, 2010	\$631,246	\$388,756	\$5,182

	Total
Pension	Governmental
Fund	Funds
\$0	\$400
0	16,879
0	77,853
0	57,199
0	24,299
0	22,823
0	11,800
0	39,148
0	21,026
36,012	2,185,335
154	110,800
0	2,519
(18)	(2,497)
136	110,822
2,962	917,460
\$3,098	\$1,028,282

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net Changes in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds	\$110,822
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report property taxes as revenue when	
cash is received or within 60 days after year-end, but the	
statement of activities includes the property taxes as revenue	
when they are levied, to the extent they are intended to	
finance the applicable current year	1,356
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	
However, in the statement of activities the cost of those	
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by	
which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(45,935)
Governmental funds report the payment of long-term debt	
principal as an expenditure, but the statement of activities	
reports these payments as the reduction of a liability.	48,310
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$114,553

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 BALANCE SHEET-PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	ENTERPRISE FUND Food Service Fund
ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	¢C 961
Cash and cash equivalents	\$6,861 300
Inventory of supplies	829
Inventory of stores purchased for resale	333
Inventory of donated food	8,323
Total Current Assets	8,323
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Machinery and equipment	4,200
Accumulated depreciation	(4,200)
Total Noncurrent Assets	0
TOTAL ASSETS	\$8,323
LIABILTIES	
Current Liabilities:	¢142
Payroll deductions payable	\$143
Deferred revenue	1,592
Total Liabilities	1,/33
NET ASSETS:	
Unrestricted net assets	6,588
Total Net Assets	6,588
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$8,323

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS

PROPRIET	ARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR E	NDED JUNE 30, 2010
	ENTERPRISE FUND
	Food
	Service
Operating Revenue:	<u>Fund</u>
Sales:	
To pupils	\$51,478
To adults	6,932
Total Operating Revenue	58,410
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries	39,209
Employee benefits	10,502
Purchased services	889
Supplies	1,525
Cost of sales-purchased food	38,701
Cost of sales-donated food	6,205
Total Operating Expenses	97,031
Operating Income (Loss)	(38,621)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense):	
Local Sources:	
Interest income	22
State Sources:	
Cash reimbursements	610
Federal Sources:	
Cash reimbursements	34,107
Donated food	5,707
Total Nonoperating Revenue	40,446
Change in Net Assets before Transfers	1,825
Transfers-out	(22)
Change in Net Assets	1,803
Net Assets -beginning	4,785
NET ASSETS-ending	\$6,588

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS
	Food
	Service
	Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$59,272
Payments to suppliers	(40,776)
Payments to employees	(50,239)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(31,743)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Operating subsidies	38,354
Transfers out	(22)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Interest received	22
Net Increase in Cash and	
Cash Equivalents	\$6,611
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	250
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	6,861
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6,611

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Food Service Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss)	(\$38,621)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Commodities used	6,205
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Deferred revenue Inventories Payables	862 339 (528)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(\$31,743)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities: Value of commodities received	\$5,707

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	Private-purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$13,603 18,957	\$30,006
Total Assets	\$32,560	\$30,006
LIABILITIES: Amounts held for others	\$0	\$30,006
NET ASSETS: Held in trust for scholarships	32,560	0
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$32,560	\$30,006

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Private-purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions and donations	\$5,200
Interest	131
Total Additions	5,331
DEDUCTIONS:	
Trust deductions for scholarships	4,760
Total Deductions	4,760
Change in Net Assets	571
Net Assets-beginning	31,989
NET ASSETS-ending	\$32,560

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the school district conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Lake Preston School District No. 38-3, consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; other organizations for which the significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The school district participates in a cooperative service unit with twenty-four other school districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit, but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the School District.

b. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting:

Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, except

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

for fiduciary funds. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Assets reports all financial and capital resources, in a net assets form (assets minus liabilities equal net assets). Net assets are displayed in three components, as applicable, invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services by the programs and (b) grants and offered contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental,

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund - A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the school district, excluding capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types - special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital Outlay Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. The fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Pension Fund - a fund established by SDCL 13-10-6 to account for financial resources to be used for the payment of early retirement contracts or the District's share of retirement plan contributions. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds - enterprise funds are used to accounted for operations that (a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Food Service Fund - A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The proprietary funds do not apply any FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are never considered to be major funds.

Private-purpose Trust Funds - Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The school district maintains only the following private-purpose trust funds:

Scholarship trusts (five separate trusts established by donors to provide for college scholarships to graduating students).

Agency Funds - Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature they do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

The district maintains agency funds for the following purposes:

Class clubs (such as FFA, Seniors, Juniors, student council)

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe 'how' transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to 'when' revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the 'current financial resources' measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds, while the 'economic resources' measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Basis of Accounting:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Lake Preston School District No. 38-3, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues that are accrued at June 30, 2010 are for federal reimbursement grants due from the State of South Dakota, taxes due from Kingsbury County and miscellaneous other revenues.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principle and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

The business-type activities and enterprise funds do not apply any FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amount reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net, residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as Internal Balances.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2. In order to minimize the doubling-up effect on internal service fund activity, certain "centralized expenses" including an administrative overhead component, are charged as direct expenses to funds or programs in order to show all expenses that are associated with a service, program, department or fund. When expenses are charged, in this manner, expense reductions occur in the General Fund, so that expenses are reported only in the function to which they relate.

Fund Financial Statements:

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund receivables (reported in "Advance to" asset accounts) are equally offset by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" since they are not a component of net current assets. Current portions of interfund receivables (reported in "Due from" asset accounts) are considered "available spendable resources".

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements: All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Interest costs incurred during construction of general capital assets are not capitalized along with other capital asset costs.

The total June 30, 2010 balance of capital assets for governmental activities includes approximately 10 percent for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. These estimated original costs were established by comparison to historical data of similar assets. The total June 30, 2010 balance of capital assets for business-type activities are all valued at original cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated Useful Li	
Government	tal Activities:	_	_	_
	\$25,000	Straight-line	15-50	yrs
-	\$ 5,000	Straight-line	4-20	yrs
	type Activities: \$ 300	: Straight-line	12	yrs
Land, ar		le capital	asset, is	not

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

f. Long-term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities consist primarily of capital leases payable.

In the fund financial statements, the debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources) and payment of principle and interest reported as expenditures when the become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statement as it is in the government-wide statements.

All interest expense on long-term debt is reported as a separate line on the "Statement of Activities."

g. Program Revenues:

In the Government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- 1. Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- Program-specific capital grants and contributions

 These arise from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments,
 organizations or individuals that are restricted
 for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a
 particular program.

h. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

i. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The school district pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

j. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net assets and is displayed in three components

- 1. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted: or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between "Reserved" and "Unreserved" components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity (except for Agency Funds, which have no fund equity) is reported as net assets held in trust for other purposes.

k. Application of Net Assets:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net assets, prior to the use of unrestricted net assets, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK:

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits - The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15,13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Deposits are reported at cost plus interest, if the account is of the add-on type.

Investments - in General, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments shall be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

No investments held as of June 30, 2010, except for certificates of deposit held by the Scholarship Funds.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK (Continued):

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2010, the District had the following deposits in financial institutions that were exposed to custodial credit risk: Peoples State Bank of De Smet; at risk was \$1,166,518 since the bank was under-collaterized by 3.39%.

Interest Rate Risk - The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the General Fund except for that earned by private-purpose trust funds. USGAAP, on the other hand, requires income from deposits and investments to be reported in the fund whose assets generated that income. Where the governing board has discretion to credit investment income to a fund other that the fund provided the resources for investment, a transfer to the designated fund is reported. Accordingly, in the fund financial statements, interfund transfers of investment earnings are reported, while in the government-wide financial statements, they have been eliminated, except for the net amounts transferred between governmental activities business-type activities. These interfund transfers are not violations of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers.

3. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES:

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The District expects all receivables to be collected within one year. No allowances for estimated uncollectibles have been established.

4. INVENTORY:

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

In the Government-wide financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the fund financial statements, inventories in the General Fund consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

Inventories in the Proprietary Funds are also recorded as an expense when they are consumed.

5. DEFERRED REVENUE:

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Reported deferred revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

6. PROPERTY TAXES:

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attached as an enforceable lien on property as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period".

7. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

	Balance 7/01/09	Increase	Decrease	Balance 06/30/10
Government Activi Capital Assets not being	ties:			
depreciated				
Land	\$ 3,251	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,251
Capital Assets being depreciat	.ed			
Buildings Machinery and	1,623,525	-	_	1,623,525
Equipment	618,370	21,026		639,396
Total, being depreciated	2,241,895	21,026		2,262,921

7. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Balance 7/01/09	Increase	Decrease	Balance 06/30/10
Less accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings Machinery and	\$ 753,538	\$ 41,409	\$	\$ 794,947
Equipment	307,337	25,552		332,889
Total	1,060,875	66,961	_	1,127,836
Total capital as being depreciat				
net:		(45,935)		1,135,085
Governmental actication capital assets,	lvity			
net:	\$1,184,271	\$ (45,935)		\$1,138,336
Business-type act Machinery and	tivities			
Equipment Accumulated	4,200	_		4,200
Depreciation	(4,200)			(4,200)
Net	\$ _	\$ _ 9	-	\$
Depreciation expe	nse was cha	nged to fur	nctions as	follows:
Governmental Instruction Support Serv Cocurricular	rices		23,436 38,837 4,688	

\$ 66,961

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governme	ntal Activi	ties:			
Capital Lease	\$100,875	\$ _	\$48,310	\$ 52,565	<u>\$52,565</u>
Total	\$100,875	\$	<u>\$48,310</u>	<u>\$ 52,565</u>	\$52,565

Liabilities payable at June 30, 2010 is comprised of the following:

FINANCING (CAPITAL ACQUISITION) LEASE: Laptop computers, due in annual installments Of \$57,199, including 8.48% interest, matures June 30, 2011, payments to be made by the Capital Outlay Fund.

\$ 52,565

The purchase price at the commencement of the financing (capital acquisition was:

\$158,074 Principal Interest 13,523 \$171,597

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2010:

Annual Requirements to Amortize Long-term Debt

Year Ending	FINANCING (Capital Acqui	sition) Lease
June 30,	Principal Interest	Total
2011	\$ 52,565 \$ 4,634 \$	57,199
Total	\$ 52,565 \$ 4,634 \$	57,199

9. RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

The following table shows the net assets restricted for other purposes as shown on the Statement of Net Assets:

Fund Capital Outlay Fund Special Education Fund Pension Fund Food Service	Restricted By Law Law Law Federal Regulation	Amount \$339,070 6,580 3,363 6,588
Total Restricted Net Assets:		<u>\$355,601</u>

10. RETIREMENT PLAN

All employees, except for classified employees, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, and multiple employer public employee retirement system established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after threes of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Lake Preston, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan: Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also required the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2 percent for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$73,818, \$73,664 and \$69,795 respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

11. JOINT VENTURES

The school district participates in the Northeast Educational Services Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (co-op) formed for the purpose of providing special education and other services to the member school districts.

The members of the co-op and their relative percentage of participation in the co-op are the following school districts:

Arlington School District	4 %
Britton-Hecla School District	6%
Castlewood School District	3%
Clark School District	5%
DeSmet School District	3%
Deubrook School District	4%
Deuel School District	6%
Elkton School District	4%
Enemy Swim School District	2%
Estelline School District	4%
Florence School District	3%
Grant-Deuel School District	3%
Hamlin School District	7%
Henry School District	2%
Iroquois	2%
Lake Preston School District	3%
Rosholt School District	2%
Sioux Valley School District	6%
Sisseton School District	12%
Summit School District	2%
Waubay School District	2%
Waverly School District	3%
Webster School District	6%
Willow Lake School District	3%
Wilmot School District	3%
	100%

The co-op's governing board is composed of one representative from each member school district who is a school board member. The board is responsible for adopting the co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

11. JOINT VENTURES (continued)

The school district retains no equity in the net assets of the co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the Northeast Educational Services Cooperative, Hayti, South Dakota.

As of June 30, 2010, this joint venture had a total fund equity of \$1,284,467 and no long-term debt.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2010, the school district managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The school district purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The school district purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts; theft of or damage to property; and errors and omission of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The School has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2010, no claims were paid for unemployment benefits. At June 30, 2010, no claims had been filed and were outstanding. It is not anticipated that any additional claims for unemployment benefits will be filed in the next fiscal year.

Workmen's Compensation Insurance:

The school district purchases liability insurance for workmen's compensation from a commercial carrier. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

13. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers to the General Fund were made during fiscal year 2010 as follows:

Capital Outlay Fund	\$ 2,345
Special Education Fund	134
Pension Fund	18
Food Service Fund	22
Total	\$ 2.519

The purpose of these transfers was to move all earnings from deposits and investments to the General Fund, per the School District's policy.

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULEGENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Dudgeted A	a	Actual
Revenues:	Budgeted Ar Original	Final	Budgetary
Revenues from Local Sources:	Original	r IIIai –	Basis
Taxes:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$640,000	\$640,000	P(52 505
Prior year's ad valorem taxes	5,100	5,100	\$653,505
Gross receipts taxes	15,000	15,000	3,121
Penalties and interest	•	·	16,175
Tuition and fees:	2,100	2,100	1,482
	15,000	15,000	4.760
Regular day school	15,000	15,000	4,769
Earnings on deposits: Interest earned	16,000	16.000	14.540
Cocurricular activites:	16,000	16,000	14,540
Admissions	500	500	1.50/
	500	500	1,596
Other revenues from local sources:	0.000	0.000	0.400
Medicaid fees	9,000	9,000	9,490
Donations	0	0	1,525
Other	6,000	6,000	18,338
Revenues from Intermediate Sources:			
County Sources:			
County apportionment	10,100	10,100	15,430
Revenues from State Sources:			
Grants-in-aid:			
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	753,907	753,907	745,427
Revenues from Federal Sources:			
Grants-in-aid:			
Restricted grants-in-aid			
received from federal			
government through state	155,182	155,182	148,052
Total Revenue	\$1,627,889	\$1,627,889	\$1,633,450

with Final
Budget
\$13,505 (1,979)
1,175 (618)
(10,231)
(1,460)
1,096
490
1,525
12,338
5,330
(8,480)
(7,130)
\$5,561

Variance

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULEGENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Budgetary
r	Original	Final	Basis
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Regular Programs:			
Elementary	\$454,370	\$454,370	\$437,242
High school	395,830	395,830	376,884
Pre-school	20,820	20,820	19,684
Special Programs:			
Educationally deprived	50,269	50,269	47,489
Support Services:			
Pupils-			
Attendance and social work	1,000	1,000	898
Guidance	50,645	50,645	49,229
Health service	750	750	569
Instructional staff-			
Improvement of instruction	0	2,600	2,598
Educational media	78,800	78,800	68,852
General administration-	•	,	,
Board of education	36,100	36,600	32,930
Executive administration	124,330	124,330	118,485
School administration-	,	,	,
Office of principal	59,815	62,515	62,100
Business-	,	,	. ,
Fiscal services	56,475	56,475	55,295
Operation and maintenance of plant	153,300	165,200	163,600
Pupil transportation	68,050	68,050	49,146
Central:	23,200	22,220	,
Staff	400	400	400

Variance with Final Budget

\$17,128 18,946 1,136 2,780 102 1,416 181 2 9,948 3,670 5,845 415 1,180 1,600 18,904

0

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULEGENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Budgetary	
	Original Final		Basis	
	Original	ГШа	Dasis	
Cocurricular activities:				
Male activities	\$24,300	\$24,300	\$24,299	
Female activities	23,400	23,400	22,823	
Transportation	17,400	17,400	11,800	
Combined activities	31,300	31,300	31,257	
Contingencies	15,000	15,000	0	
Amount transferred	0	(15,000)	0	
Total Expenditures	1,662,354	1,665,054	1,575,580	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(34,465)	(37,165)	57,870	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	0	0	2,519	
			44	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(34,465)	(37,165)	60,389	
FUND BALANCE,				
JULY 1, 2009	570,857	570,857	570,857	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$536,392	\$533,692	\$631,246	

with Final
Budget
Dudget
\$1
577
5,600
43
15,000
(15,000)
89,474
95,035
2,519
97,554
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0
PO7 554
\$97,554

Variance

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULECAPITAL OUTLAY FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

			Actual
	Budgeted Amounts		Budgetary
Revenues:	Original	<u>Final</u>	Basis
Revenues from Local Sources:			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$270,000	\$270,000	\$256,749
Prior year's ad valorem taxes	500	500	612
Penalties and interest	800	800	431
Earnings on deposits	100	100	2,345
Donations	0	22,959	22,958
Total Revenue	271,400	294,359	283,095
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Regular Programs:			
Elementary	31,350	36,350	36,241
High school	23,850	27,400	27,370
Support Services:			
General administration -			
Board of education	5,000	5,000	3,010
Business-			
Operation and maintenance of plant	146,663	146,663	89,155
Debt Service	57,300	57,300	57,199
Cocurricular activities:			
Combined activities	3,500	23,650	23,642
Total Expenditures	267,663	296,363	236,617

Variance		
with Final		
Budget		
(\$13,251)		
112		
(369)		
2,245		
(1)		
(1)		
(11,264)		
109		
30		
1,990		
,		
57,508		
101		
8		
59,746		

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULECAPITAL OUTLAY FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Budgetary Basis
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures	\$3,737	(\$2,004)	\$46,478
Other Financing Uses:			
Transfers - out	0	0	(2,345)
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,737	(2,004)	44,133
FUND BALANCE,			
JULY 1, 2009	344,623	344,623	344,623
FUND BALANCE,			
JUNE 30, 2010	\$348,360	\$342,619	\$388,756

Variance		
with Final		
Budget		
\$48,482		
(2,345)		
46,137		
0		
0		

\$46,137

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULESPECIAL EDUCATION FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Budgetary
Revenues:	Original	Final	Basis
Revenues from Local Sources:			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$168,000	\$168,000	\$168,071
Prior year's ad valorem taxes	400	400	403
Penalties and interest	200	200	291
Earnings on deposits	0	0	134
Medicaid fees	5,000	5,000	7,639
Revenues from State Sources:		,	
Grants-in-aid			
Restricted grants-in-aid	52,500	52,500	68,526
Revenues from Federal Sources:		,	ŕ
Grants-in-aid:			
Restricted grants-in-aid			
received from federal			
government through state	98,095	98,095	98,360
Total Revenue	324,195	324,195	343,424
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Special Programs:			
Programs for			
special education	173,850	173,850	167,278
Support Services:			·
Pupils-			
Guidance	1,760	1,760	1,647
Psychological	15,800	15,800	15,645
Speech pathology	34,000	34,000	30,651
Student therapy	28,950	28,950	27,173
Special Education:			
Administration -	14,450	17,830	16,879
Other	129,000	129,000	77,853
Totoal Expenditures	\$397,810	\$401,190	\$337,126

with Final Budget		
\$71 3		
91		
134 2,639		
16,026		
265		
19,229		
6,572		
113		
155		
3,349 1,777		
951 51,147		
\$64,064		

Variance

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULESPECIAL EDUCATION FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Budgetary
	Original	Final	Basis
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(73,615)	(76,995)	6,298
Other Financing Uses: Transfers - out	0	0	(134)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(73,615)	(76,995)	6,164
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009	(982)	(982)	(982)
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	(\$74,597)	(\$77,977)	\$5,182

Variance with Final Budget

83,293

(134)

83,159

0

\$83,159

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULEPENSION FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Budgetary
Revenues:	Original	Final	Basis
Revenues from Local Sources:			20010
Taxes:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$36,012	\$36,012	\$36,000
Prior year's ad valorem taxes	0	0	86
Penalties and interest	0	0	62
Earnings from deposits:			
Interest earned	0	0	18
Total Revenue	36,012	36,012	36,166
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Regular Programs:			
Elementary school	18,006	18,006	18,006
High School	18,006	18,006	18,006
Total Expenditures	36,012	36,012	36,012
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures	0	0	154
Other Financing Uses:			
Transfers - out	6	0	(18)
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	136
FUND BALANCE,			
JULY 1, 2009	2,962	2,962	2,962
FUND BALANCE,			
JUNE 30, 2010	\$2,962	\$2,962	\$3,098

Varianc with Fin Budge	al
	(\$12) 86 62
	18
	0 0 0
	154
	(18)
	136
	0

\$136

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2010

1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The school district followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year the board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 of each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayers input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except trust and agency funds.
- 6. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 8.
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total and may be transferred by resolution of the board to any other budget category that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38-3 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2010

- 9. Unexpected appropriation lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board. No encumbrances were outstanding at year-end.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds.
- 11. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except that capital outlays are reported separately from current expenditures in the GAAP Statements, but are reported in the respective budgetary category to which they relate in the budgetary statments.

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 38-3 SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2010

FINDING NUMBER 2010-01

A significant deficiency and material weakness is present due to a lack of segregation of duties in revenue, expenditure and payroll functions.

CRITERIA: To obtain adequate internal control, the duties of collecting and handling of cash must be segregated from the recording of cash transactions. The duties of preparing, mailing or otherwise distributing checks should be segregated from the recording process. Various other accounting functions should be performed by different people to insure a proper segregation of duties.

POSSIBLE ASSERTED EFFECT: Inaccurate financial statements and/or misappropriation of funds could result from a lack of segregation of duties.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should remain aware of this situation and attempt to provide compensating controls wherever and whenever possible and practical.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: The School Board and Superintendent agree with the finding and are responsible for the corrective action plan. This comment is a result of the size of the Lake Preston School District No. 38-3 which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. Lake Preston School District has determined it is not cost beneficial to employ additional personnel just to be able to adequately segregate duties for revenue, expenditures and payroll. Lake Preston School District is aware of this problem and is attempting to provide compensating controls wherever and whenever possible and practical. However, this lack of segregation of duties regarding the revenues, expenditures, and payroll functions continues to exist.

LAKE PRESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 38-3 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2010

FINDING NO. 2009-01 and 2008-01

A material weakness was reported due to a lack of segregation of duties. This condition was first reported by this auditor in 1990.

Status as of June 30, 2010:

The condition noted in prior audits is still applicable.